

**EXOR
VAX Disk Exerciser
User's Guide**

PB9900-9056 REV A

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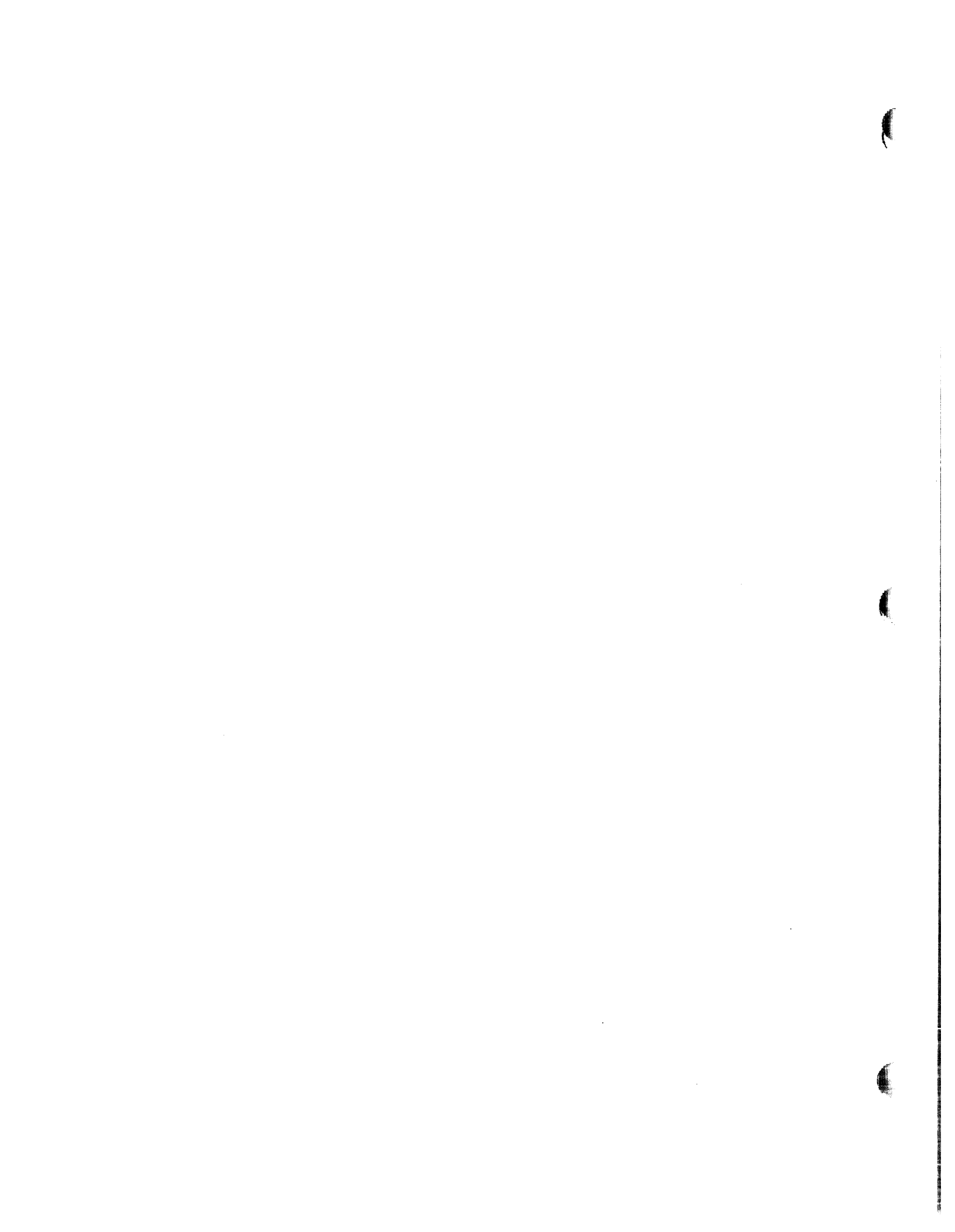
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REVISION RECORD

REVISION NUMBER	DATE	DESCRIPTION	EO NUMBER
A	02/22/88	Initial Release - Change transfer size	4925



PREFACE

EXOR is a disk diagnostic program used to format, bad or test any System Industries disk connected to any VAX interface - SBI, CMI or UNIBUS.

The EXOR User's Guide is designed to be used in conjunction with System Industries VAX Software Modification User Guides. These publications are:

- o VAX 11/780 11/750 S/W MODIFICATION USER'S GUIDE
PB9900-9033
- o VAX 11/780 11/750 11/730 S/W MODIFICATION USER'S GUIDE
PB9900-9044

This manual is presented in three main sections:

Section One: Complete instructions for installing and running EXOR on your system are outlined.

Section Two: This section lists all of the EXOR commands, and gives an example of a sample EXOR session.

Section Three: This section gives complete EXOR diagnostic information.

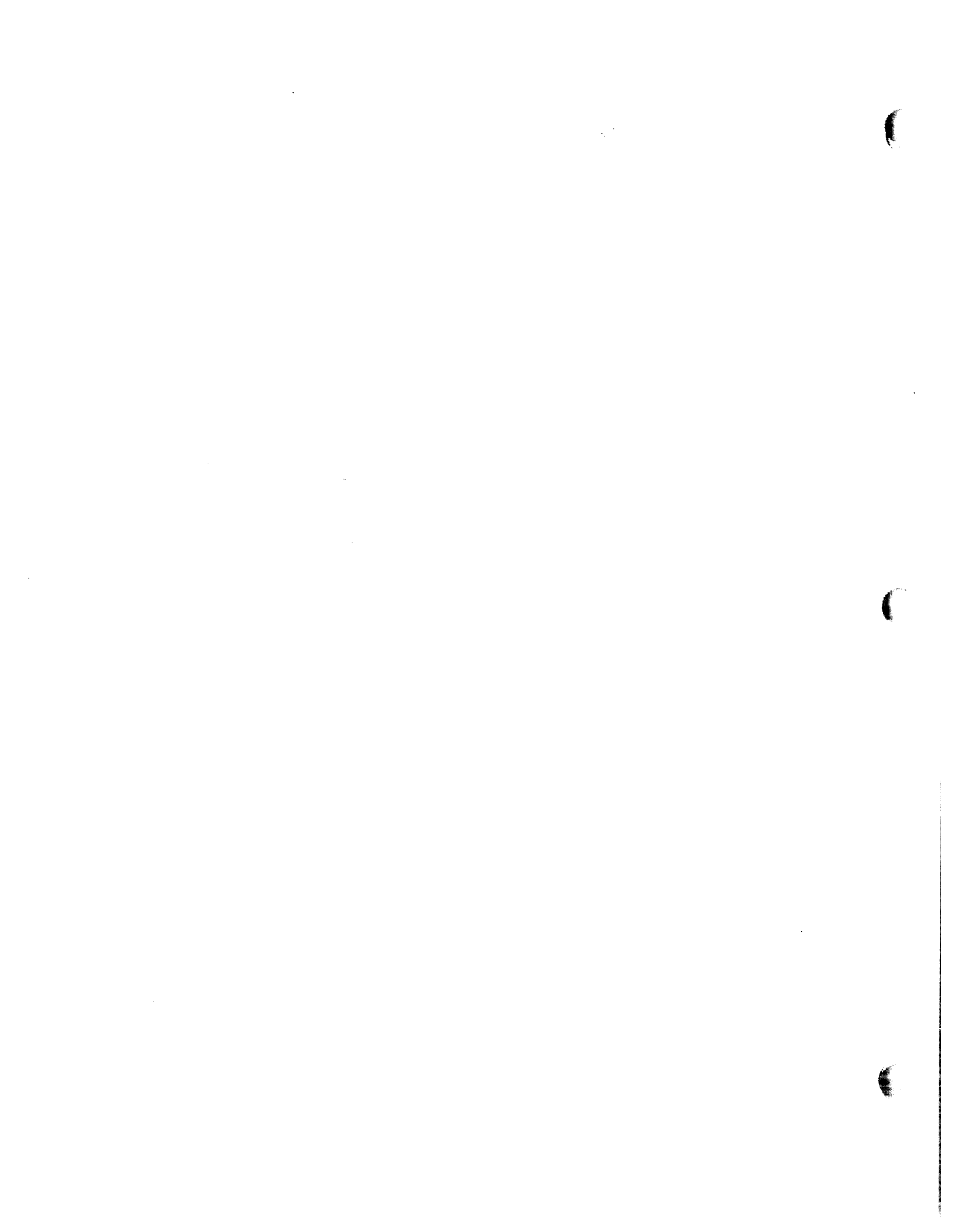
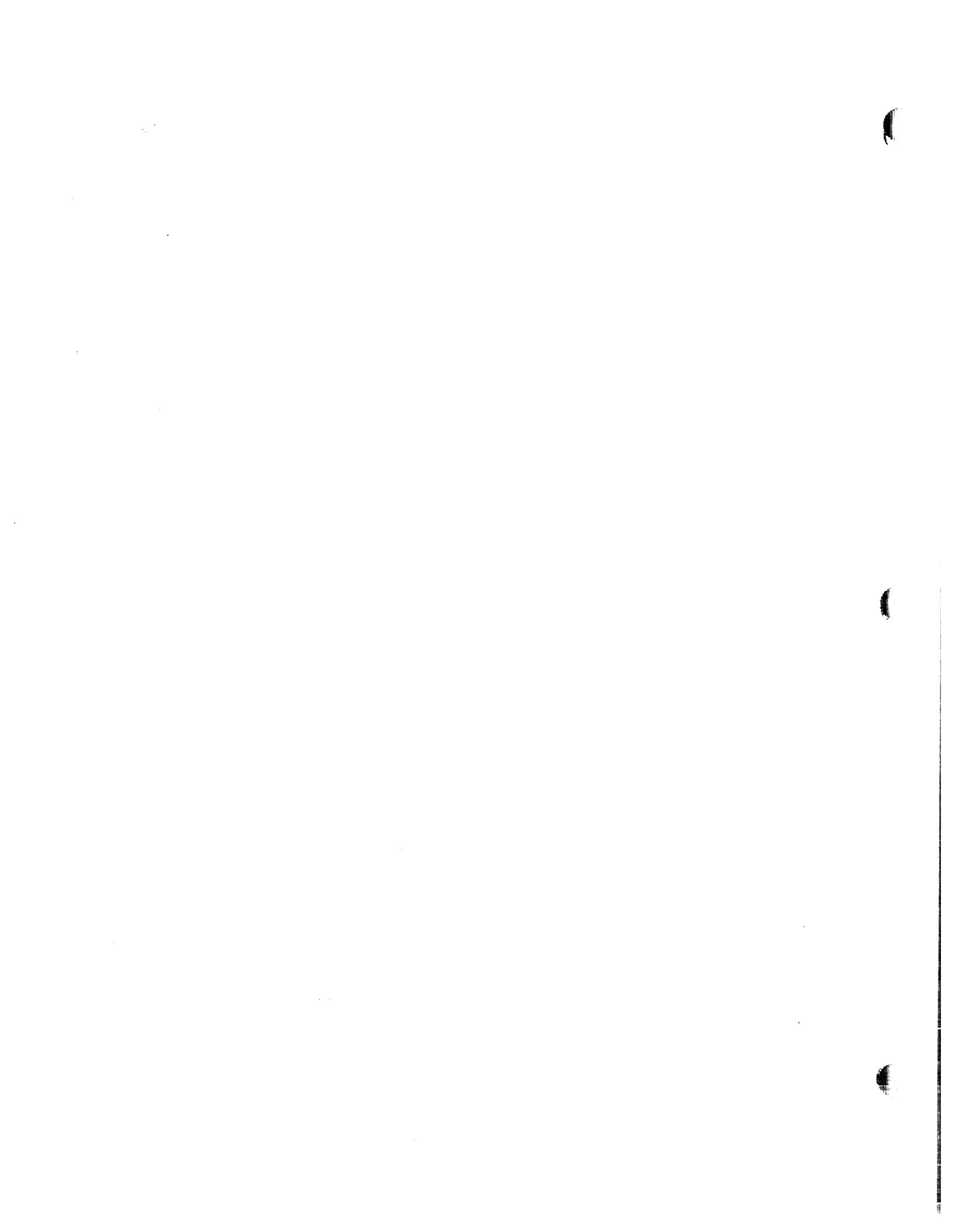


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SECTION ONE

INTRODUCTION

EXOR can be used to format, bad or test disk packs of any size and type supported by System Industries. Exor supports all of the SI VAX interfaces - SBI, CMI, and UNIBUS.

EXOR can be run either standalone or on a timeshare system. In STANDALONE mode you will be using SYSTEM_1 and SYSTEM_2 volume set of the standalone kit built with STABACKIT or SIBACKIT under VMS 4.x. The third volume is the application volume and can contain BACKUP or STAEXOR as selected during the build phase of STANDALONES.

To boot on a 11/780 or 11/730, mount the console boot media and type:

```
>>>B CS1
```

You will be instructed when to mount the first and second STANDALONE volumes. After the third volume has finished loading, EXOR will be running.

To boot on a 11/750, insert SYSTEM_1 STANDALONE volume, set the boot switch to the console device position (usually A) and press RESET. You will be instructed when to mount each of the other STANDALONE volumes.

In TIMESHARE mode, EXOR requires the following privileges:

```
DIAG  
PHY_IO
```

EXOR requires exclusive allocation of the disk under test. Users may continue to use other drives on the controller with no effects, except that they may not access the drive under test.

EXOR can be used to format, bad, and test disk drives of any size and type supported by System Industries. EXOR supports all of the SI VAX interface types:

```
UNIBUS  
SBI  
CMI
```

1.2 Running EXOR

To run the EXOR program, use the following procedure:

1. Remove the user disk pack and mount a scratch disk pack on the drive to be tested.
2. Start EXOR in one of the following ways:

If EXOR is not on your system:

Load the System Industries distribution kit. Build the EXOR.EXE file into SYSS\$SYSTEM by entering the following commands from a privileged account:

```
$MCR SYSGEN
CONNECT CONSOLE
EXIT
$MOU/OV=ID CS1:
$LINK CS1:[SYSUPD]EXOR.OBJ/NOMAP/NOTRACE/
EXECUTABLE SYSS$SYSTEM
$MCR EXOR
```

If EXOR is now on your system (in SYSS\$SYSTEM), type:

```
$MCR EXOR
```

3. When EXOR starts running, it will prompt you for the Drive to be tested:

Drive:

Enter the device name, which consists of drive mnemonic controller letter and a unit number. i.e. DRC0, SIA1, etc.

4. EXOR will return with the configuration specification for the drive at that nexus:

DRA1 - RM05 with 823(D) cylinders, 19(D) tracks,
32(D) sectors

SBI INTERFACE
NON-BBF UNIT

EXOR determines the drive configuration from the disk I/O driver, not from the disk itself. Hence, if the configuration specification does not match that expected, stop here and try find out why. Possible reasons could include:

- o The drive is not physically connected to the controller
 - o The internal switch settings within the controller are set incorrectly.
 - o The system disk does not have a patched disk driver to support the SI device.
5. Type an EXOR command. By typing '?', testing parameters will be displayed. By typing 'H', all possible commands will be listed. These commands are listed and discussed in the next section.



SECTION TWO

EXOR COMMANDS

- An Set transfer size (n = 1 to 127 (sectors/track))

The transfer size can be set from one sector (512 bytes) up to 127 sectors. The default is one track.
- B List or Add bad blocks

The Manufacture's Bad Block File can be listed and/or changed. The disk Serial Number can also be listed or changed.
- Ci:j Restrict cylinder range form i to j inclusive

Restricts the cylinder range of the test to i through j. Otherwise, the entire disk is subject to test. If i is omitted, 0 is used as the lower limit. If j is omitted, the last cylinder on the disk is used as the limit. Limits remain in effect until altered by another C command. The restricted range option is applicable only to F, M, N, P, Q, R, S, U, and W commands.
- D Dump the registers

Displays the interface and controller's registers.
- ERO Allow error retry within the driver
ER1 Do not allow error retry within the driver (DEFAULT)
EHO Do not halt on error (DEFAULT)
EH1 Halt on error
ELO Do not loop on error (DEFAULT)
EL1 Loop on error
ES0 Do not inhibit overlap seek within the driver (DEFAULT)
ES1 Inhibit overlap seek within the driver
EE0 Allow the driver to log errors
EE1 Do not allow the driver to log errors (DEFAULT)

All of the above flags toggle bits in the disk driver to accomplish the stated condition.

F Format the disk.

Format the disk with the format applicable to the disk type, (RP or RM). The data area is initialized to all ones. You will be ask if you want to format the last track of RM drives or last sector of RP drives. Answer Y only if the bad block file does not need to be preserved.

G Mark headers as per bad block list

Based on the discriptor of blocks found in the Manufacturer's and User's Bad Block File, the appropriate bit will be marked in the header of each bad block. The headers may be unmarked by answering "N" to the 'Do you want the header MARKed?. (Not for BBF devices)

H Display this text.

I Drive clear and Recal

This resets the registers associated with this drive and then recalcs the drive to cylinder zero.

L Initialize bad block file to zero bad blocks

Write a bad block descriptor track saying all blocks are good.

M Random read of one sector

A random cylinder, head, and sector within the useable range is used as a starting point for a one sector read.

N Random read/write test

A random cylinder, head, and sector within the useable range is used as a starting point for a random length transfer into a random byte starting address within the memory page used.

P Write and writecheck (read) patterns

Select one to sixteen patterns to write to the disk. The pattern is then read and compaired for errors. If the drive is a RM last track or RP last sector device, the error sector is recorded in the bad block file. If the drive is a BBF device, the sector is marked as a skip sector and the format is shuffled down to the end of the cylinder where a spare will be used.

- Q Read and check headers
- This tests for the correct format in all headers. Manufacturer's and User's marked bad headers are listed as well as other corruptions within the header. (Not for BBF devices)
- R Read the disk
- Read the disk. This can be done to a data disk with write protection for validation. The transfer size is set by "A" command.
- S Seek test
- Seek to cylinder 0 (or to i if set by C) then seek to the last cylinder on the disk (or to j if set). Then seek to cylinder 0 + 1 (or i + 1), then to the last cylinder -1 (or j - 1) until the entire range is covered.
- Ti:j Restrict track range from i to j inclusive
- Restricts the track range of the test to i through j. Otherwise, all tracks are subject to test. If i is omitted, 0 is used as the lower limit. If j is omitted, the last track on the cylinder is used as the limit. Limits remain in effect until altered by another T command. The restricted range option is applicable only to F, M, N, Q, R, and W commands.
- U List "skip sectors" and remaining spares. (BBF only)
- This test reads all the headers of a BBF disk and reports the sectors marked bad (skip sectors). At the end of the list the total skip sectors and the number of the spare sectors that remain are shown.
- V Verify/Examine data on the disk.
- The test will ask for the starting sector. The starting cylinder and track must be set with "C" and "T" before the test is started.
- W Write, writecheck, read back and compare the data
- Write a pattern, writecheck it, then read it back, and software check it. If an error is detected, the data mismatch is printed at the operator's terminal.
- X Leave EXOR and return to command level
- Z Restart EXOR to select another drive.

- ? Print the user defined options
Prints all flags set by "E" command.
- CTRL/C Abandon current set of tests and ask for more
Return to Tests: question.
- CTRL/F Print current cylinder, track and sector
Check current address on disk to show progress.

2.1 Sample EXOR Interactive Session

VAX STANDALONE EXOR version 4.02

Drive: DRA1 (drive to be tested)
DRA1: - RM05 with 823(D) cylinders, 19(D) tracks, 32(D) sectors
SBI INTERFACE
NON-BBF UNIT

Tests: F (Format the disk)
Tests: SC:1W (Seek test, then write test and verify cylinders
0-1 only)
Tests: CR (Read the entire disk)
Tests: X (Exit from EXOR)

When EXOR is performing either read or write functions, the orange I/O light on the front of the SI controller should either be on continuously or blinking intermittently. (If not a 6100 controller)

When working with mapped devices, EXOR treats each logical drive as a separate device.

If there are any problems with any of these tests, contact your System Industries service representative.

2.3 Problems Encountered During EXOR

Trouble -- No Such Device Available

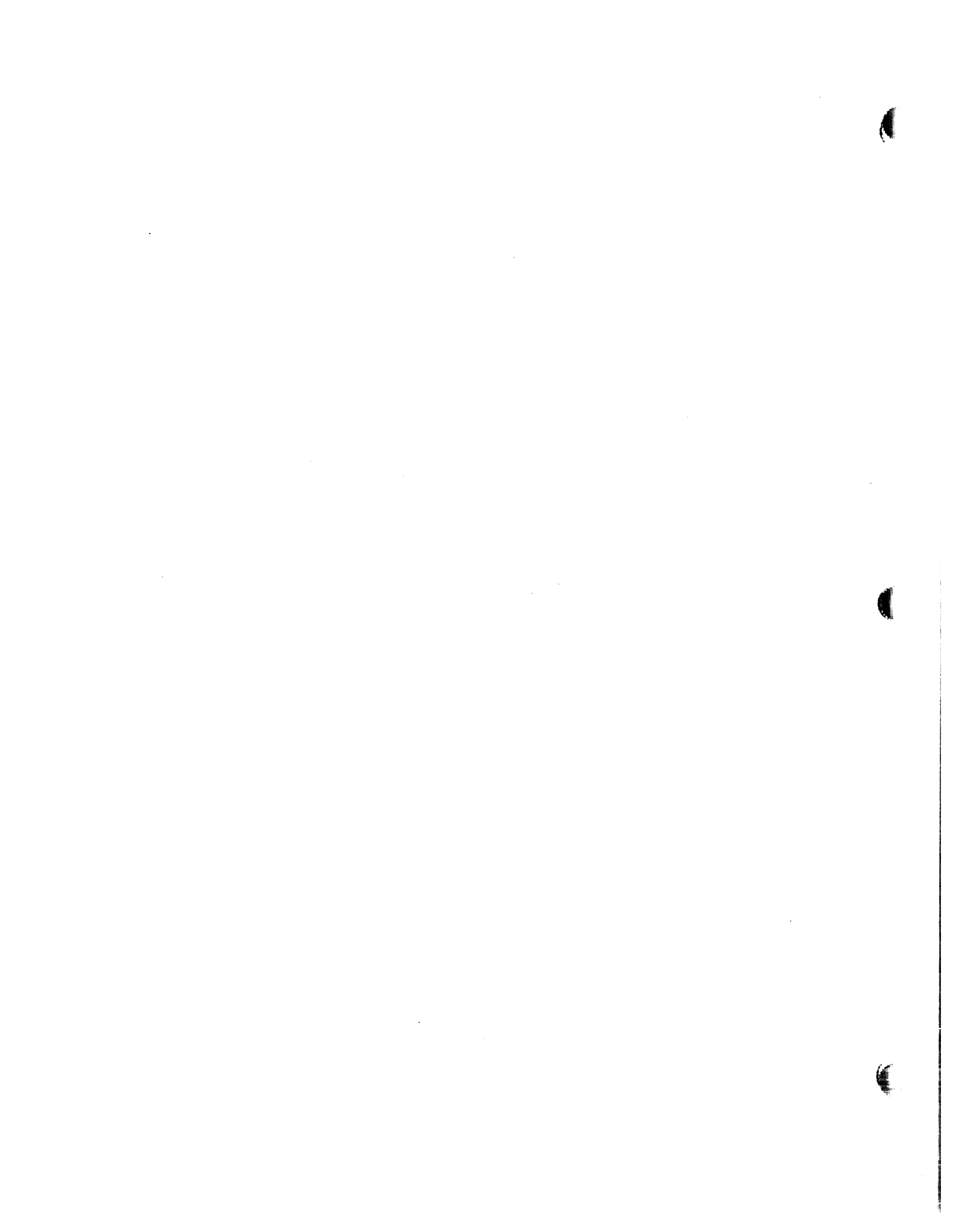
VMS cannot find the disk on the end of the controller, or it may not be able to find the controller. Make sure you have entered the proper logical name as recognized by VAX/VMS (\$SHOW DEV dev:). It must be online. Remember that UNIBUS configurations will not be configured using the SYSGEN command AUTOCONFIGURE/ALL. You must connect this device using the connect command in SYSGEN.

Unknown Device with 0 tracks, 0 cylinders, and 0 sectors

The device driver cannot recognize the device at the end of the controller. Make sure that the firmware and controller boards are configured correctly for the disk at the end of the cable. Make sure that the drive is acknowledging its link with the controller.

Data Mismatch

EXOR types out the data that it read followed by the data it had expected to read.



SECTION THREE

EXOR DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION

EXOR returns a large number of registers to indicate such things as where bad sectors of the disk are or other states that triggered an error condition. The following abbreviations are used to indicate parameters at the time of the error:

SBI/CMI Interfaces:

CSR	MBA Configuration Register
CR	MBA Control Register
SR	MBA Status Register
VAR	Virtual Address Register
BCR	Bite Count Register
FMAP	Final Map Register
PMAP	Previous Map Register
CS1	Control and Status 1
DS	Drive Status
AS	Attention Summary
OF	Offset
ER1	Error Register 1
ER2	Error Register 2
DT	Drive Type i.e. RM03, etc.
SN	Serial Number (of drive)
DC	Desired cylinder
DA	Head Sector Address
ECC1	ECC Register 1
ECC2	ECC Register 2

UNIBUS Interfaces:

DPN	Data Path Number
DPR	Data Path Register
FMAP	Final Map Register
PMAP	Previous Map Register
CS1	Control Status Register 1
CS2	Control Status Register 2
DS	Drive Status
AS	Attention Summary
OF	Offset
WC	Word Count
BA	Buffer Address
ER1	Error Register 1
ER2	Error Register 2
DT	Drive Type i.e. RM03, etc.
SN	Serial Number
DC	Desired cylinder
DA	Head Sector Address
VER	Version Number of SIDRIVER

CMI/SBI INTERNAL REGISTERS

BASE ADDRESSES

SBI		CMI	
CPA TRIP LEVEL	MBACSR	DEVICE #	MBACSR
8	20010000	0	F28000
9	20012000	1	F2A000
10	20014000	2	F2C000
11	20016000		

ABBREVIATIONS USED:

E/M	EXTENDED MODE
F/H	FIXED HEAD.
F/P	FIXED PLATTER.
I.C.	INIT CLEARS.
I.S.C.	INIT OR SETTING THE BIT CLEARS.
I.S.C.C.	INIT, SETTING THE BIT OR ISSUING A VALID COMMAND CLEARS.
M/H	MOVABLE HEADS.
N/U	NOT USED.
N/U 0	NOT USED ALWAYS READS 0.
N/U 1	NOT USED ALWAYS READS 1.
R/P	REMOVABLE PLATTER.

CMI/SBI INTERNAL REGISTERS

BA 00 MBACSR CONFIGURATION/STATUS (N/U WITH CMI ALL BITS 0).

31 80000000 SBI PARITY ERROR.
30 40000000 WRITE DATA SEQUENCE.
29 20000000 UNEXPECTED READ DATA.
28 10000000 N/U 0.
27 08000000 MULTIPLE TRANSMITTER FAULT.
26 04000000 TRANSMITTER DURING FAULT.
24-25 03000000 N/U 0.
23 00800000 ADAPTER POWER DOWN.
22 00400000 ADAPTER POWER UP.
21 00200000 OVER TEMPERATURE (N/U 0).
08-20 001FFF00 N/U 0.
00-07 000000FF ADAPTER CODE (00100000).

BA 04 MBACSR CONTROL REGISTER

05-31 FFFFFFFE0 N/U 0.
04 00000010 IGNORE BYTE COUNT (N/U 0).
03 00000008 MAINTENANCE MODE.
02 00000004 INTERRUPT ENABLE.
01 00000002 ABORT DATA TRANSFER.
00 00000001 INITIALIZATION (WRITE ONLY READS AS 0).

BA 08 MBASR STATUS REGISTER

31 80000000 DATA TRANSFER BUSY.
30 40000000 NO RESPONSE CONFIRMATION - CAUSES RETRY OF
COMMAND (I.S.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
29 20000000 CORRECTED DATA READ (I.S.C.).
24-28 1F000000 N/U 0.
23 00800000 CONTROL BUS HUNG (CMI ONLY) (N/U 0).
20-22 00700000 N/U 0.
19 00080000 PROGRAM ERROR (I.S.C.).
18 00040000 NONEXISTANT DRIVE (I.S.C.).
17 00020000 N/U 0.
16 00010000 ATTENTION (FROM ANY DRIVE).
15 00008000 N/U 0.
14 00004000 SILO PARITY ERROR (CMI ONLY) (N/U 0).
13 00002000 DATA TRANSFER COMPLETED (I.S.C.C.).
12 00001000 DATA TRANSFER ABORTED (I.S.C.C.).
11 00000800 DATA LATE (I.S.C.C.). (CMI N/U 0).
10 00000400 WRITE CHECK UPPER ERROR (I.S.C.C.).
09 00000200 "" LOWER "" (I.S.C.C.).
08 00000100 MISSED TRANSFER ERROR (I.S.C.C.).
07 00000080 EXCEPTION (I.S.C.C.).
06 00000040 DATA PARITY ERROR (I.S.C.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
05 00000020 PAGE FRAME MAP PARITY ERROR (I.S.C.C.).
04 00000010 INVALID MAP (I.S.C.C.).
03 00000008 SBI ERROR CONFIRMATION (I.S.C.C.).
CMI ERROR STATUS (I.S.C.C.).
02 00000004 READ DATA SUBSTITUTE (I.S.C.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
01 00000002 SBI INTERFACE SEQUENCE TIMEOUT (I.S.C.C.).
CMI NO RESPONSE STATUS (I.S.C.C.).
00 00000001 READ DATA TIMEOUT (I.S.C.C.). (CMI N/U 0).

BA 0C MBAVAR VIRTUAL ADDRESS REGISTER

17-31 FFFE0000 N/U 0.
09-16 0001FE00 MAP POINTER.
00-08 000001FF BYTE ADDRESS IN PAGE.

BA 10 MBABCR BYTE COUNT

16-31 FFFF0000 DISK BYTE COUNTER (READ ONLY).
00-15 0000FFFF CMI OR SBI BYTE COUNTER (READ/WRITE).
ON WRITE A DUPLICATE APPEARS IN 16-31.

BA 14 MBADR DIAGNOSTIC

31 80000000 READ/WRITE (I.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
 30 40000000 SIMULATE LOADING FAR (I.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
 29 20000000 INVERT MAP PARITY CHECKING (I.C.).
 28 10000000 BLOCK SENDING COMMAND (I.C.).
 27 08000000 TEST DATA REQUEST (I.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
 26 04000000 TEST DOUT (I.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
 25 02000000 READ/WRITE (I.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
 24 01000000 SIMULATE ATTENTION (I.C.).
 23 00800000 TEST OB CLOCK (I.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
 21-22 00600000 READ/WRITE (I.C.) (CMI N/U 0).
 20 00100000 N/U 0.
 19 00080000 DATA STROBE READ ONLY (CMI N/U 0).
 18 00040000 DATA VALID READ ONLY (CMI N/U 0).
 17 00020000 ACCEPT INPUT READ ONLY (CMI N/U 0).
 16 00010000 D12 FULL READ ONLY (CMI N/U 0).
 08-15 0000FF00 MICROPROCESSOR DATA BUS READ ONLY (CMI N/U 0).
 00-07 000000FF RECEIVER BUS READ ONLY (CMI N/U 0).

BA 18 MBASMR SELECTED MAP (CMI N/U APPEARS AS INVALID ADDRESS).

31 80000000 VALID (VALID PAGE FRAME # PRESENT).
 21-30 7FE00000 N/U 0.
 00-20 001FFFFFF PAGE FRAME #.

BA 1C MBACAR COMMAND ADDRESS.

	SBI		CMI
28-31	F0000000	COMMAND	25-31 FE000000
			24 01000000
			N/U 0
00-27	0FFFFFFF	ADDRESS	00-23 00FFFFFF
			ADDRESS

UNIBUS/EXTERNAL REGISTERS

WHERE BITS HAVE SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE THE NUMERIC VALUE COLUMNS ARE 1ST THE DECIMAL BIT # 00-15, THEN THE HEXADECIMAL BIT VALUE(S) FOR CMI/SBI (IF NO VALUE IS SHOWN THE BITS ARE NOT USED WITH EITHER CMI OR SBI AND WILL READ AS ZEROES., AND LASTLY THE OCTAL VALUES FOR UNIBUS.

176700 EDRA 400 RPCS1 & RMCS1 (CONTROL AND STATUS 1 REGISTER)

15		100000	SPECIAL CONDITION
14		40000	TRANSFER ERROR
13		20000	BUS PARITY ERROR (N/U 0).
12		10000	N/U ALWAYS SET TO 0.
11	0800	4000	DRIVE AVAILABLE (N/U 1).
10		2000	PORT SELECTION (N/U FOR RP'S).
9		1000	UNIBUS ADDRESS EXTENSION BIT A17.
8		400	" " " " A16.
7		200	READY.
6		100	INTERRUPT ENABLE.
00-05			FUNCTIONS
		75	READ MICRO-CONTROL (9xxx E/M).
	3B	73	READ HEADER AND DATA.
	39	71	READ DATA.
		67	AUTO-FORMAT (9xxx RM03 E/M).
		65	WRITE MICRO-CONTROL (9xxx E/M).
	33	63	WRITE HEADER AND DATA.
	31	61	WRITE DATA.
		55	CALL MICRO-CONTROL (9xxx E/M).
	2B	53	WRITE CHECK HEADER AND DATA.
	29	51	WRITE CHECK DATA.
	19	31	SEARCH COMMAND.
		27	SYSTEM RELEASE (9xxx E/M).
		25	" RESERVE (" / " ").
	13	23	PACK ACKNOWLEDGE.
	11	21	READ IN PRESET.
	0F	17	RETURN TO CENTERLINE.
	0D	15	OFFSET COMMAND.
	0B	13	RELEASE (DUAL PORT OPERATION).
	09	11	DRIVE CLEAR.
	07	7	RECALIBRATE.
	05	5	SEEK.
	03	3	UNLOAD (STANDBY RP'S ONLY).
	01	1	NO OPERATION.

176702 EDRA N/U RPWC & RMWC (WORD COUNT REGISTER 2'S COMPLEMENT)

176704 EDRA N/U RPBA & RMBA (UNIBUS ADDRESS REGISTER)

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176706 EDRA 414 RPDA & RMDA (DESIRED SECTOR/TRACK ADDRESS REGISTER)

08-15 FF00 177400 HEAD #.
00-07 00FF 000377 SECTOR #.
THE # OF BITS IN USE IS DRIVE/FIRMWARE DEPENDANT.

176710 EDRA N/U RPCS2 & RMCS2 (CONTROL AND STATUS 2 REGISTER).

15	8000	100000	DATA LATE (N/U 0).
14	4000	40000	WRITE CHECK ERROR.
13	2000	20000	UNIBUS PARITY ERROR.
12	1000	10000	NON-EXISTENT DRIVE.
11	0800	4000	NON-EXISTENT MEMORY.
10	0400	2000	PROGRAM ERROR.
9	0200	1000	MISSED TRANSFER.
8	0100	400	MASS DATA BUS PARITY ERROR (N/U 0).
7	0080	200	OUTPUT READY.
6	0040	100	INPUT READY (N/U 1).
5	0020	40	CONTROLLER CLEAR.
4	0010	20	PARITY TEST (N/U 0).
3	0008	10	INHIBIT UNIBUS INCREMENT.
00-02	0007	7	SELECT DRIVE #.

176712 EDRA 404 RPDS & RMDS (DRIVE STATUS REGISTER)

15	8000	100000	ATTENTION ACTIVE.
14	4000	40000	ERROR IN RPER1/2/3 (RMER1/2).
13	2000	20000	POSITIONING IN PROGRESS (9xxx N/U 0)
12	1000	10000	MEDIUM ON LINE.
11	0800	4000	WRITE LOCK.
10	0400	2000	LAST SECTOR TRANSFERRED.
9	0200	1000	PROGRAMMABLE (N/U 0).
8	0100	400	DRIVE PRESENT (SET IF DRIVE POWERED UP).
7	0080	200	DRIVE READY.
6	0040	100	VOLUME VALID.
01-05	003E	76	N/U 0.
0	0001	1	RM03 = OFFSET MODE. RP04 = N/U.

176714 EDRA 408 RPER1 & RMER1 (ERROR REGISTER 1)

15	8000	100000	DATA CHECK, ECC ERROR.
14	4000	40000	UNSAFE.
13	2000	20000	OPERATION INCOMPLETE (9xxx N/U 0).
12	1000	10000	DRIVE TIMING ERROR.
11	0800	4000	WRITE LOCK ERROR.
10	0400	2000	INVALID ADDRESS ERROR.
9	0200	1000	ADDRESS OVERFLOW ERROR.
8	0100	400	HEADER CRC ERROR.
7	0080	200	HEADER COMPARE ERROR.
6	0040	100	ECC HARD ERROR.
5	0020	40	WRITE CLOCK FAIL (N/U 0).
4	0010	20	FORMAT ERROR.
3	0008	10	PARITY ERROR (6100 N/U 0).
2	0004	4	REGISTER MOD REFUSED (9xxx N/U 0).
1	0002	2	ILLEGAL REGISTER (N/U 0).
0	0001	1	ILLEGAL FUNCTION.

176716 EDRA 410 RPAS & RMAS (ATTENTION SUMMARY REGISTER)

08-15	FF00	177400	N/U 0.
7	0080	200	DRIVE ATTENTION UNIT 7
6	0040	100	DRIVE ATTENTION UNIT 6
5	0020	40	DRIVE ATTENTION UNIT 5
4	0010	20	DRIVE ATTENTION UNIT 4
3	0008	10	DRIVE ATTENTION UNIT 3
2	0004	4	DRIVE ATTENTION UNIT 2
1	0002	2	DRIVE ATTENTION UNIT 1
0	0001	1	DRIVE ATTENTION UNIT 0

176720 EDRA 41C RPLA & RMLA (LOOK AHEAD REGISTER)

06-10 CURRENT SECTOR COUNT (9xxx N/U).

176722 EDRA N/U RPDB & RMDB (DATA BUFFER REGISTER)

176724 EDRA 40C RPMR (MAINTENANCE REGISTER) NOT EMULATED

RMMR1 (MAINTENANCE REGISTER 1) NOT EMULATED

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176726 EDRA 418 RPDT & RMDT (DRIVE TYPE REGISTER)

14-15	6000	140000	N/U 0.
13	2000	20000	MOVING HEAD DISC TYPE (ALWAYS 1).
12	1000	10000	N/U 0.
11	0800	4000	DRIVE REQUEST REQUIRED (N/U 0).
09-10	0600	3000	N/U 0.
00-08			DRIVE TYPE
	17	27	RM05
	14	24	RM03
	12	22	RP06
	11	21	RP05
	10	20	RP04

176730 EDRA 420 RPSN & RMSN (SERIAL NUMBER REGISTER)

15	8000	100000	0/1 = RM05/RM03, RP04, 05, 06 EMULATION.
14	4000	40000	0/1 = SKEW/NOSKEW (RM). MAPPED/DIR EMUL (RP) MASKED BY RM FIRMWARE
13	2000	20000	0/1 = DO/DO NOT OFFSET DRIVE (6100 = 0).
12	1000	10000	0/1 = OFF/ON - BAD BLOCK FORWARDING
08-11			DRIVE TYPE DEFINED AS:
	0100	400	DIRECT 9762
	0200	1000	NOT USED
	0300	1400	DIRECT 9766/9733
	0400	2000	NOT USED
	0500	2400	NOT USED
	0600	3000	NOT USED.
	0700	3400	DIRECT 9775
	0800	4000	DIRECT 9712
	0900	4400	DIRECT 9798
	0A00	5000	DIRECT 9761
	0B00	5400	DIRECT 9784/9722
	0C00	6000	DIRECT 9751 BBF
	0D00	6400	MAPPED 9784/9722
	0E00	7000	MAPPED 9775/9798/9761
	0F00	7400	DIRECT 9751 NON BBF
07	0080	200	0 = R/P CMD DRIVES (6100 = 0).
			1 = F/P CMD DRIVES.
06	0040	100	0 = M/H MMD & FMD DRIVES (6100 = 0).
			1 = F/H MMD & FMD DRIVES.
05	0020	40	0 = SEEK MOVES DRIVE ARM (6100 = 0).
			1 = SEEK DOES NOT.
04	0010	20	0/1 = REMOVABLE/NON-REMOVABLE DISK UNIT
03	0008	10	0/1 STANDARD/COMPACT DRIVE
00-02	0007	7	LOGICAL UNIT NUMBER.

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176732 EDRA 424 RPOF & RMOF (OFFSET REGISTER)

15	8000	100000	SIGN CHANGE (N/U 0).
13-14	6000	60000	N/U 0.
12	1000	10000	FORMAT BIT (FORCED TO A 1 FOR 9xxx).
11	0800	4000	ERROR CORRECTION CODE INHIBIT.
10	0400	2000	HEADER COMPARE INHIBIT.
08-09	0300	1400	N/U 0.
7	0080	200	OFFSET 1 = TO SPINDLE : 0 = AWAY (RM03).
02-06	007C	174	N/U 0.
00-01		3	TARGET COMPUTER INTERFACE PORT (RM03).

176734 EDRA 428 RPDC & RMDC (DESIRED CYLINDER REGISTER)

10-15	FC00	176000	N/U 0.
00-09	03FF	1777	DESIRED CYLINDER ADDRESS.

176736 EDRA 42C RPCC (CURRENT CYLINDER REGISTER)

10-15	FC00	176000	N/U 0.
00-09	03FF	1777	CURRENT CYLINDER ADDRESS (RP'S ONLY).

RMHR (HOLDING REGISTER) NOT USED FOR 9xxx

176740 EDRA 430 RPER2 (ERROR REGISTER 2) N/U BY RM03

15	8000	100000	AC UNSAFE.
14	4000	40000	N/U 0.
13	2000	20000	DRIVE FAULT.
12	1000	10000	30 VOLTS UNSAFE.
00-11	0FFF	7777	N/U 0.

RMMR2 (MAINTENANCE REGISTER 2) N/U (6100 READS 11777)

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176742 EDRA 434 RPER3 (ERROR REGISTER 3)

15	8000	100000	OFF CYLINDER (N/U 0).
14	4000	40000	SEEK INCOMPLETE.
07-13	3FC0	37600	N/U 0.
6	0040	100	AC LOW.
5	0020	40	DC LOW.
4	0010	20	DISABLE ERROR (N/U 0).
3	0008	10	ANY UNSAFE (POWER LOW).
2	0004	4	N/U 0.
1	0002	2	VELOCITY UNSAFE (N/U 0).
0	0001	1	PACK SPEED UNSAFE (N/U 0).

RMER2 (ERROR REGISTER 2)

15	8000	100000	BAD SECTOR ERROR.
14	4000	40000	SEEK INCOMPLETE.
13	2000	20000	OPE OPERATOR PLUG ERROR (9xxx N/U 0).
12	1000	10000	IVC INVALID COMMAND.
11	0800	4000	LSC LOSS OF SYSTEM CLOCK (N/U 0).
10	0400	2000	LBC LOSS OF BIT CLOCK (6100 ONLY).
08-09	0300	1400	N/U 0.
7	0080	200	DVC DEVICE CHECK.
04-06	0070	160	N/U 0.
3	0008	10	DATA PARITY ERROR (N/U 0).
00-02	0007	7	N/U 0.

176744 EDRA 438 RPEC1 & RMEC1 (ECC POSITION REGISTER)

13-15	160000	N/U 0.
00-12	17777	POS ERROR POSITION (9400/9800 N/U 0).

176746 EDRA 43C RPEC2 & RMEC2 (ECC PATTERN REGISTER)

11-15	174000	N/U 0.
00-10	3777	PAT ERROR PATTERN BITS (9400/9800 N/U 0).