

syn. أَشْرَفْتُ. (TA.) [Hence,] هَلْ أَتَمَّرْتُ مُطَّلِعُونَ (TA.) هَلْ أَتَمَّرْتُ مُطَّلِعُونَ, in the Kur xxxvii. 52 and 53, means † Would ye [be of those who] look to see (تُحِثُونَ) (أَنْ تَطَّلِعُوا) where is your place of abode among the people of Hell? and he (i. e. the Muslim) shall look (فَطَّلَعَ الْمُسْلِمُ) and see his [former] associate in the midst of Hell-fire: but some read هَلْ أَتَمَّرْتُ مُطَّلِعُونَ فَطَّلِعُ, but it is expressly said in the O that the hemzeh is with damm and the ط quiescent and the ل with kesr; the meaning being † Are ye of those who will make me to see? and he shall be made to see; as is indicated in the O and TA. (K, O.) — And † He saw. (KL.) You say, أَطَّلَعَ عَلَيْهِ meaning † He saw it. (MA.) [Hence,] it is said in a prov., بَعْدَ أَطَّلَاعِ إِبْنِ نَاسٍ (O, TA) i. e. † After appearance [or rather sight, is knowledge, or certain knowledge]. (Fr, TA in art. انس. [See Freytag's Arab. Prov. i. 181.]) — And أَطَّلَعَ عَلَيْهِ (Msb, TA,) and أَطَّلَعَهُ, and أَطَّلَعُ عَلَيْهِ, inf. n. طَّلُوْعٌ (K, TA,) and أَطَّلَعُ عَلَيْهِ (TA,) † He got, or obtained, sight and knowledge of it: (Msb, TA:*) or [simply] he knew it; namely, an affair, or a case, or an event. (K, TA.) One says, أَطَّلَعَ عَلَى بَاطِنِهِ, (K,) or أَطَّلَعَ عَلَى بَاطِنِ أَمْرِهِ (S, O,) † He became acquainted with, or obtained knowledge of, or knew, his inward, or intrinsic, state or circumstances, or the inward, or intrinsic, state or circumstances of his affair or case. (K, TA.) And accord. to some, إِطَّلَاعُ الْحِجَابِ means † The stretching out the head [and looking over the veil of Paradise or of Hell]; for he who examines into a thing stretches out his head to see what is behind the veil, or covering. (TA voce حِجَابٌ, q. v.) [And one says also, أَطَّلَعَ فِيهِ, meaning † He looked into it: see an ex. voce هَدَّرَ.] — أَطَّلَعْتُهُ عَيْنِي means † My eye regarded him with contempt. (TA.) — أَطَّلَعُ is used sometimes for أَضَطَّلَعُ, as is shown in art. ضلع: see مَضْطَلَعٌ: and see an instance in the first paragraph of art. علو.] — And accord. to K, الإِطَّلَاعُ signifies also التَّجَاةُ. (TA.) [But I think that both words are mistranscribed, and that Kr explained الإِطَّلَاعُ as meaning التَّجَاةُ, i. e. The acquainting with a secret.]

10. طَلَبَ طُلُوْعَهُ signifies † [He sought, or desired, its, or his, coming forth, or appearance]. (Har p. 47.) [And hence, † He sought, or desired, to elicit, or to discover, it: he sought, or desired, information respecting it, مِنْهُ of him: and he asked him to tell him a thing. (See Har pp. 134 and 82.)] You say, أَطَّلَعَ رَأَى فَلَانٍ (S, O, K, TA) † He looked to see what was the opinion, or advice, of such a one, (O, K, TA,) and what would be shown to him [thereof] respecting his affair, or case. (O, K.) It is doubly trans. [as shown above]: you say,

استطلعت رأى زيداً رأيه. (Har p. 322.) — And † He took it away, or went away with it. (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K.) You say, استطلع ماله † He took away, or went away with, his property. (TA.)

طَلَعَ † The طَلْعُ [i. e. spadix, or spadix in its spathe, and sometimes, the spathe alone,] of the palm-tree: (S, O:) the إِغْرِيبُ [or spadix] of the palm-tree, from over which the كَافُورُ [or spathe] bursts open longitudinally; or the flowers of the palm-tree, while in the كَافُورُ; (TA;) a thing that comes forth from the palm-tree, as though it were two soles, or sandals, closed together, with the حِجْلُ [meaning flowers] compactly disposed between them, and having the extremity pointed; or the ثَمْرَةُ [or produce] of the palm-tree, in the first stage of its appearance, the covering [or spathe] of which is called the كُفْرَى (K, TA) and the كَافُورُ, (TA,) and what is within this the إِغْرِيبُ, because of its whiteness; (K, TA;) or the طَلْعُ is what comes forth from the palm-tree and becomes dates if the tree is female; and if the tree is male it does not become dates, but is eaten in its fresh state, or is left upon the palm-tree a certain number of days until there becomes produced in it a white substance like flour, [i. e. the pollen,] having a strong odour, and with this the female is fecundated; (Msb;) or a certain white thing that appears from the كَمْرُ [or spathe] of the palm-tree, to the colour of which [that of] the teeth are likened, and to the odour thereof [that of] the sperma: and also, [sometimes,] the كَمْرُ [or spathe] that comes forth from the palm-tree, before it bursts open longitudinally: [and this is also called the كُفْرَى, for] the phrase طَلَعَ الْكُفْرَى is an instance of the prefixing of a noun to an explicative thereof: (Mgh:) [or this phrase may mean the spadix of the spathe of a palm-tree: طَلَعَ, it should be added, is sometimes used as a coll. gen. n.: and its n. un. is with ة: thus in explanations of إِغْرِيبٌ &c.] In the Kur xxxvii. 63, it is applied to † The fruit, or produce, of the tree called الرَّقُومُ, in the bottom of Hell, metaphorically, because partaking of the form of the طلع of dates, or because coming forth from the tree. (Bd.) — Also † i. q. مَقْدَارٌ [as meaning Number, or quantity]: (K, TA:) so in the phrase طَلَعَ الْجَيْشُ أَلْفٌ [The army consists of the number of a thousand]. (K, TA.) — See also the next paragraph, in three places.

طَلَعَ † a subst. from الإِطَّلَاعُ: [meaning Knowledge:] whence the saying, أَطَّلَعَ طَلَعَ الْعَدُوِّ † [He learned the knowledge of the enemy; meaning he obtained knowledge of the state, or case, or tidings, or of the secret, or of the inward, or intrinsic, or secret, state or circumstances, of the enemy]; (S, O, K, TA;) [for] طَلَعَ الْعَدُوِّ means خَبَرَهُ, (Msb,) or بَاطِنَ أَمْرِهِمْ (Har p. 82:) and أَطَّلَعْتُهُ طَلَعَ أَمْرِي, meaning

† I revealed, or showed, to him my secret. (O, K, TA.) — Also † An elevated place, above what is around it, from which one looks down (يَطَّلِعُ [in the CK erroneously يُطَّلِعُ]); as also عَلَوْتُ طَلَعَ الْأَكْمَةِ (K, TA.) You say, عَلَوْتُ طَلَعَ الْأَكْمَةِ, meaning † I ascended upon a part of the hill from which I overlooked what was around it. (IDrd, O, TA.) — And † i. q. نَاحِيَةٌ [A side, or an adjacent tract, or a region, &c.]; as also طَلَعَ. (K.) One says, كُنْ بِطَلَعِ الْوَادِي and طَلَعَ الْوَادِي [i. e. the وادي also, meaning, as is indicated in the TA, † Be thou in the side, &c., of the valley]: (S, O:) and one says also, فَلَانٌ طَلَعَ الْوَادِي, without ب [† Such a one is in the side, &c., of the valley]. (O.) — And † Any depressed piece of ground: or such as has in it a hill: (K:) [i. e.,] as expl. by As, any depressed piece of ground having in it a hill from which, when you ascend upon it, you see what is in it. (O.) — Also the serpent: (AA, O, K:) like طَلٌّ. (TA.)

طَلَعَ † [Desirous, eager, or vehemently eager]. طَلَعَ نَفْسٌ and نَفُوسٌ طَلَعَةٌ, like فَرِحَةٌ [in form], mean † A soul, and souls, desirous, eager, or vehemently eager. (TA.) [See also طَلَعَةٌ.]

طَلَعَةٌ † The aspect; or countenance; syn. رُؤْيَةٌ: (S, O, K, TA:) or person and aspect: (L, TA:) or face: (K:) so in the saying, حَيَّا اللَّهُ طَلَعَتَهُ † [May God preserve his aspect, &c.]. (O, K.)

نَفْسٌ تَكْتَبِرُ التَّطَّلِعُ لِلشَّيْءِ (S, O,) or إِنِّي الشَّيْءُ (K, TA,) i. e. † A soul that inclines much to the love of the thing [that it would obtain], and desires it so that the man perishes: and طَلَعَةٌ is used also as applied to a pl., so that one says also نَفُوسٌ طَلَعَةٌ (TA,) or أَنَفْسٌ طَلَعَةٌ, meaning souls eager, or vehemently eager, for the objects of their love and appetite. (O.) [See also طَلَعَ.] And in like manner one says امْرَأَةٌ طَلَعَةٌ (S,) or امْرَأَةٌ طَلَعَةٌ خُبَاءٌ (TA:) or this latter means † A woman that comes forth (تَطَّلِعُ [in the CK erroneously تَطَّلِعُ]) at one time (مَرَّةً [omitted in the CK]) and conceals herself at another: (O, K, TA:) and in like manner one says امْرَأَةٌ طَلَعَةٌ قَبَعَةٌ. (TA.)

طَلَعَاءٌ (S, O, K,) like عَلَوَاءٌ [in form], (S, O,) † Vomit: (S, O, K, TA;) as also طَوْنُوعٌ: (IAq, O, K:) or the former signifies a little vomit. (K voce قَسَسَ.)

طَلَاعٌ, like سَحَابٌ [in form], the subst. from الإِطَّلَاعُ [app. الإِطَّلَاعُ, i. e. a subst. syn. with إِطَّلَاعٌ; like as إِصْلَاحٌ is with صِلَاحٌ, and إِفْسَادٌ with إِفْسَادٌ]. (TA.)

طَلَاعٌ † A thing sufficient in quantity, or dimensions, for the filling of another thing, (S, O, K, TA,) accord. to A'Obeyd, so as to overflow [an addition not always agreeable with usage]: (TA:) pl. طَلَعٌ. (K.) طَلَاعُ الْأَرْضِ ذَهَبًا means